# 6 FAM 170 STORING EFFECTS

(TL:GS-94; 10-10-2002)

#### 6 FAM 171 POLICY AND AUTHORITY

#### **6 FAM 171.1 Places of Storage of Household Effects**

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. **State only**: Storage of effects is authorized at the Department's designated facilities located in the Washington, DC, metropolitan area for employees transferring from Washington, DC, or effects located in Washington, DC, which are approved for placement in storage. For transfers and appointments from other U.S. locations, storage of effects is authorized at Hagerstown, Maryland. For other authorized locations for posts worldwide, see 6 FAM 171 Exhibit 171.
- b. **USAID, Commerce, and Agriculture**: Storage of effects may be authorized at the place where the effects are located or, if no adequate storage is available at such place, at the nearest authorized storage point. See 6 FAM 171 Exhibit 171 for post's designated storage locations.
- c. The Department or any other Foreign Affairs agency may, at its discretion, transfer effects in storage under contracts between the Department or agency and the storage firm, from one storage firm to another, when deemed necessary for the proper protection of the effects or when in the best interest of the U.S. Government, without the U.S. Government's incurring any liability arising out of the transfer. The Department or agency assumes no obligation, apart from claims payable under 31 U.S.C. 240 through 243, nor will it undertake any services with respect to effects not in storage under contracts between the Department or agency and the storage firm.

#### 6 FAM 171.2 Temporary Storage of Household Effects

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Temporary storage of household goods at U.S. Government expense may be allowable only when such storage is incident to transportation of the household goods at U.S. Government expense (see 6 FAM 171.4).

#### **6 FAM 171.3 Continuous Storage of Household Effects**

(TL:GS-94; 10-10-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. Continuous storage of household effects is authorized when a member of the Foreign Service is assigned or transferred to a post abroad or to the U.S. Mission to the United Nations (USUN) in New York and the member cannot ship the entire combined shipment and storage allowance (18,000 pounds; see 6 FAM 161.5-1).
- b. Continuous storage of household effects is authorized when a Foreign Service employee is assigned or transferred to points within the United States other than Washington, DC, on assignments of one year or less—when to do so would be more economical to the U.S. Government than the cost of shipment.
- c. Continuous storage for Foreign Service employees assigned or transferred to Washington, DC, or other points within the United States on assignments exceeding one year may be authorized when such storage is determined to be in the public interest or to be more economical to the U.S. Government than the cost of shipment. Such determination will be made by:
- (1) For State employees: The Executive Director of the Bureau of Human Resources (HR/EX);
- (2) For USAID employees: The Chief of Travel and Transportation (M/AS/TT);
  - (3) For Commerce employees: The HR Manager/OFSHR;
  - (4) For Agriculture employees: The Director of International Services Staff (FAA/FAS/ISS).

# 6 FAM 171.4 Emergency Storage of Household Effects

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

When specifically authorized, an employee may store furniture, household and personal effects, and a privately owned motor vehicle for the duration of the emergency and for an additional period not to exceed three months.

#### 6 FAM 171.5 Authority

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002)

(Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Section 901 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980, as amended, authorizes the Secretary to pay the storage expenses of members of the Service and their families when the member is absent from post of assignment or when assigned to a location where furniture and household and personal effects cannot be taken or at which they can not be used, or when it is in the public interest or more economical to authorize storage.

#### 6 FAM 172 FACILITIES

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002)

(Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. The Department stores all household effects (HHE) domestically in the Washington, DC, metropolitan area or Hagerstown, Maryland. Department-designated storage facilities for all posts worldwide are located in Antwerp, Belgium and Hagerstown, Maryland. See 6 FAM 171 Exhibit 171 for posts' designated storage locations.
- b. Use of public storage facilities, e.g., those entities which do not control access to the facility and which offer storage based on area or volume without regard to controlling weight, are not recognized as places of storage unless specifically authorized in the employee's travel authorization.

#### 6 FAM 172.1 Storage in United States

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999)

(Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. For authorized storage of effects in the United States, the employing Foreign Affairs agency will make direct payment for the cost of packing, hauling, and preparation of effects incident to storage.
- b. Employees from Foreign Affairs agencies other than State who do not have packing companies assigned to do their pack-out, must notify their employing agency (USAID, etc.), of the firm selected to store effects and the location of the effects. The employee will notify the firm directly when and where the effects may be picked up. The employing agency will issue a letter of authorization and instructions to the firm.

#### 6 FAM 172.2 Storage Abroad

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Posts will arrange for packing, hauling, and preparation of effects incident to authorized storage abroad and will arrange for direct payment for services rendered in accordance with 6 FAM 173.

#### 6 FAM 172.3 Transfer of Storage Lots

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

When a person's effects in storage with one company must be moved, for compelling reasons, to another company, the employee will receive prompt notification from the agency concerned. In addition, when operationally feasible, an inspector from the Department or agency will be present during the transfer. A/LM/OPS/TTM will arrange this inspection.

#### 6 FAM 173 ALLOWABLE STORAGE EXPENSES

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Allowable expenses for storage of effects may include the cost of:

- (1) Storage;
- (2) Packing necessary to prepare the effects for storage;
- (3) Cartage incident to storage;
- (4) Warehouse labor charges:
- (5) Carting, warehouse labor charges, and unpacking effects when residence quarters are next occupied;
- (6) In cases involving continuing storage, if no adequate facilities for such storage are available at the place where the effects are located, expenses in connection with shipment of the effects to a designated place of storage shall be allowable in accordance with the applicable provisions of 6 FAM 162;
- (7) Other miscellaneous expenses, not enumerated in this section, when necessarily incurred in connection with the storage of effects;

- (8) Services of designated storage firms, with which the Department has contracts or approved prices or arrangements. If other firms are requested by an employee, approval must be authorized, in advance, by the Chief, Travel and Transportation Management Division (A/LM/OPS/TTM). If approved, the employee must pay any excess storage charges involved;
- (9) **State, Commerce, and USAID only**: Expenses may be authorized for access to, segregation, and removal of effects already in storage for the purpose of shipping the effects to a new post of assignment (applies only to employees on permanent change-of-station assignments). When an employee requests access to and segregation of effects, and the employee is unable to be present, employee's agency will, subject to limitations of personnel availability, have an inspector present.

#### **6 FAM 173.1 Controlled Storage**

#### 6 FAM 173.1-1 High-Value Storage

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. Controlled storage may be authorized for nonfurniture items of high value. High-value (or Hi-Val) items include nonfurniture items which:
  - (1) Have value exceeding \$1,500;
- (2) Are a part of a set and which, as a set, have a value of greater than \$1,500;
- (3) Are one-of-a-kind articles that are irreplaceable, and have a substantial, albeit hard-to-determine monetary or insurable value; and
  - (4) Have special storage requirements.
- b. Notwithstanding the criteria stated in paragraph a of this section, controlled storage of usable (in working condition) firearms may be authorized.

#### 6 FAM 173.1-2 Cold Storage

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

a. Cold storage is limited to furs, art work, or other delicate items that clearly require cold temperatures to prevent deterioration or damage.

b. Requests for controlled storage should be by memorandum with an itemized inventory of items to be stored, addressed to the appropriate office of the employing agency for approval and amendment of travel authorization. The value of the items and justification for special treatment must be supported by an independent certified appraisal. Requests may be forwarded to the following offices:

State: HR/CDA

USAID: M/AS/TT

Commerce: USFCS/OIO/FSP

FAS: DIRECTOR, MANAGEMENT SERVICES

DIVISION: FSB

APHIS: IS—RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SUPPORT

#### 6 FAM 173.2 Payment

#### 6 FAM 173.2-1 Storage in United States

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Payment of initial and recurring storage charges for effects stored in the United States are made directly by the Department or agency. Annual renewals are automatic and do not require requests from the employee for continued authorization.

#### 6 FAM 173.2-2 Storage Abroad

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

New storage lots will not generally be authorized for storage at posts. Posts are, however, authorized to make direct payment for continuing storage of effects that are already being stored at posts. Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year in which storage is required, posts must cable the Department, Attn.: HR/EX/ADM or the employing agency requesting funds for the annual renewal of storage.

# 6 FAM 174 LIMITATIONS ON AMOUNTS STORED

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

The total amount of effects stored and shipped shall not exceed the limitations in 6 FAM 161.5-1. Amounts of less than 91 kilograms or 200 pounds (net weight) shall not be placed in storage at U.S. Government expense. This minimum applies to each separate lot of effects, with the exception of those in authorized controlled storage.

#### 6 FAM 175 MOTOR VEHICLES

#### 6 FAM 175.1 General

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. Storage of motor vehicles may not be authorized or approved except in emergencies (see 6 FAM 178).
- b. In such emergencies, one vehicle owned by the employee or eligible family member may be stored at U.S Government expense for a period not to exceed the employee's tour of duty plus an additional three months. The vehicle must have been owned and in the employee's possession prior to the later of:
  - (1) The employee's notification of assignment; or
  - (2) The condition creating the emergency.
- c. When storage is authorized, in accordance with 6 FAM 178, the employee or eligible family member may be authorized shipment of one POV from the previous post of assignment (or point of origin, for a newly hired employee) to the new post of assignment.
- d. The employee may select only one of the vehicles to be shipped at U.S. Government expense to an onward assignment or separation address (whichever is listed as the ultimate destination on the next permanent change-of-station order).

#### 6 FAM 175.2 Emergency Storage Location for POVs

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. Baltimore, Maryland and Antwerp, Belgium (ELSO) are both authorized locations for the emergency storage of POVs:
- (1) POVs sent to Baltimore for emergency storage should be marked for emergency storage and consigned to the U.S. Despatch Agency, Baltimore, to include the employee's name and agency in parentheses. The U.S. Despatch Agency, Baltimore, will provide the employee's agency with a copy of the document showing when the POV was placed into emergency storage, the name of the firm storing the POV, the storage rate, and the file/storage number;
- (2) POVs sent to ELSO for emergency storage should be marked for emergency storage and consigned to ELSO, to include the employee's name and agency in parentheses. ELSO will provide the employee's agency with a copy of the document showing when the POV was placed into emergency storage, the name of the firm storing the POV, the storage rate, and the file/storage number.
- b. The employee's agency must be contacted directly in writing when the employee or the employing agency requests the removal of the POV from storage and delivery to a specific address in the U.S., or requests that it be shipped abroad or that it be picked up by the employee or employee's agent. Reference must be made to the file/storage number, with a copy of the employee's order (if the agency is to pay for any transportation charges), and exact instructions as to the disposition of the POV must be given.

#### **6 FAM 176 TEMPORARY STORAGE**

#### 6 FAM 176.1 Periods of Temporary Storage

(TL:GS-86; 08-30-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

a. Storage of effects pending shipment is allowable from the date of the departure of the employee from employee's old post to new post or, in the case of a new employee, from the day of departure from new employee's place of residence until shipment is made.

- b. Another period of temporary storage is authorized for a period of three (3) months after the date of arrival of the employee at new post or the establishment of residence quarters, whichever is shorter; or three (3) months from the date of arrival of the family member(s) at the separate maintenance allowance (SMA) location. An additional period of up to 90 days may be authorized in extraordinary circumstances.
- c. Temporary storage is permitted during any period when the employee is absent from post under orders and residence quarters at employee's post are not maintained.
- d. In connection with the separation of an employee from the Foreign Service, temporary storage is authorized for an aggregate period of three (3) months for each separate storage lot of household effects. For effects already in storage in the United States, the three-month authorization commences from last day in pay status. For effects originating abroad or in the United States (other than from storage), the three months authorized may be applied to storage in-transit and/or storage at destination. An additional period of up to 90 days may be authorized in extraordinary circumstances.

#### 6 FAM 176.2 Termination of Temporary Storage

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Upon expiration of the periods above, no further temporary storage is paid by the U.S. Government unless specifically authorized in accordance with 6 FAM 177 and 6 FAM 178.

### **6 FAM 176.3 Storage in Transit**

(TL:GS-85; 06-26-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. Storage-in-transit is the holding of a through bill-of-lading shipment in the warehouse of the carrier or its authorized agent. This holding is authorized by a specific written order of an authorized representative of the U.S. Government, before delivery to the destination residence.
- b. Placing a shipment in storage-in-transit does not constitute a delivery or completion of service. Delivery of the shipment to the owner's residence and completion of services shall be performed by the carrier after the goods are removed from storage-in-transit as a part of the through service at the single-factor rate. Storage-in-transit must be authorized by issuance of an authorization for such storage (see format shown in 6 FAM 176 Exhibit 176.3) signed by an authorizing officer at the post.

- c. This authorization (which may be reproduced locally) must be prepared in triplicate with the original and one copy retained by the authorizing post. The carrier is required to submit the original of the authorization with its bill for such services.
- d. Authorization for storage-in-transit may be given when all of the following conditions are present:
- (1) A through bill-of-lading shipment arrives at destination and the post or the employee-owner is unable to accept delivery;
- (2) The through bill-of-lading carrier has provided the post with adequate advance notice of availability of the shipment at destination (on shipments to or from the United States, seven days' advance notice must be given by the carrier); and
- (3) The charges for handling in and out of storage, and the storage rate are not unreasonable.

#### 6 FAM 177 CONTINUOUS STORAGE

# 6 FAM 177.1 When U.S. Government-Furnished Quarters Are Available

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

When it has been determined that suitable U.S. Government-furnished quarters are available for the employee, limited shipment of effects will be authorized. If the employee elects to ship all or a portion of the authorized limited shipment allowance, the balance of the applicable combined shipment and storage allowance will be available for continuous storage. However, if the employee ships more effects to the post than may be accommodated in the quarters provided, these effects may not be placed in continuous storage at U.S. Government expense at the post.

# 6 FAM 177.2 U.S. Government-Furnished Quarters not Available

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

When it has been determined that U.S. Government-furnished quarters are not available and the employee has been granted a full shipment of effects, the employee may decide what proportion of effects within the combined shipment and storage allowance to ship or store. Exercise care however, in deciding what to ship. Those effects that are shipped and which

will not fit into the employee's residence will not be placed in continuous storage at post at U.S. Government expense.

#### 6 FAM 177.3 When Type of Quarters Is Unknown

(TL:GS-86; 08-30-2002) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Pending determination of the type of quarters to be occupied, a limited shipment will be authorized and continuous storage of the remaining effects within the employee's combined shipment and storage allowance will be authorized in accordance with 6 FAM 176.1. If a determination is made by the gaining post that the employee will occupy unfurnished quarters, the TMFOUR (travel message four; see definition in 6 FAM 111.3-1) will be amended to authorize full shipment of effects.

#### 6 FAM 177.4 Changes in Occupancy Status

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

An employee is authorized and initiates a full shipment of household effects to a post because it was previously determined that U.S. Government-furnished quarters were not available. Subsequently, U.S. Government-furnished quarters become available and the officer in charge at the post directs the employee to occupy those quarters. In such an instance, the employee is authorized storage of excess household effects at the designated storage point for the post (see 6 FAM 172). However, authority for storage of such effects must be included in the employee's travel authorization or amendment thereto.

# 6 FAM 177.5 Continuous Storage under Voluntary Separate Maintenance Allowance (SMA)

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. Upon commencement of the SMA grant, stored HHE may be accessed and all or part may be removed from the storage facility, shipped to the authorized SMA location(s), and delivered and unpacked at U.S. Government expense. HHE will not be re-consigned to storage once accessed during the period of an SMA grant.
- b. HHE in previously authorized storage facilities may remain in storage during the SMA period.

- c. **For State**: Upon termination of the SMA grant of family members, any HHE located at the SMA residence which is designated for storage will be transported and consigned at U.S. Government expense to the U.S. Government authorized storage point if the employee is authorized continuing storage.
- d. **For USAID and Commerce**: Storage of all HHE not removed from the storage location will continue at the SMA location until the next travel authorization is issued authorizing removal of HHE.
- e. **For FAS and APHIS**: Each agency will designate a nontemporary storage facility:

**For FAS**: Contact MSD/Field Services Branch, Room 6068, South Building;

For APHIS: Contact APHIS/IS-RMS, Room 668 FB, Hyattsville, Maryland.

f. The combination of storage and all shipments to a subsequent post of assignment must not exceed the limits established in 6 FAM 161.5-1 or the travel authorization.

#### 6 FAM 177.6 Permanent Removal

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Access to, segregation and removal of a portion of effects already in storage at U.S. Government expense, or total removal of effects from storage, may be authorized in connection with permanent return travel of eligible family members to the United States (such as provided for in 6 FAM 126.10 due to marital separation or divorce of an employee, or in 6 FAM 126.4 covering the return of children over 21 years of age). Delivery and shipment (if required) of household effects may be authorized from the storage location to the employee's service separation address of record in the United States. Shipment to any other point would be made on a cost-constructive basis. Removal of effects from storage may be authorized under this provision only if a legal property settlement exists or the employee otherwise agrees in writing and identifies those effects which are to be removed as the property of the spouse. As removal from storage in such circumstances is intended to be permanent, return of the effects to storage will not be authorized at U.S. Government expense.

#### **6 FAM 178 EMERGENCY STORAGE**

#### 6 FAM 178.1 Authorized/Ordered Evacuation

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

Emergency removal, shipment, and storage of household effects and privately owned vehicles (POVs) may be authorized when the Under Secretary for Management (M) determines that it would be in the best interest of the U.S. Government and that it is feasible to do so.

#### 6 FAM 178.2 Storage in Transit

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. When specifically authorized by the Under Secretary for Management (M), household or personal effects and privately owned vehicles (POVs) of the employees may be removed, shipped, and stored in transit at the nearest practicable place for the duration of the emergency.
- b. Access to, or segregation or removal of all or a portion of effects, or privately owned vehicles (POVs) stored in transit at U.S. Government expense is not authorized.
- c. When the Under Secretary for Management (M) determines that the danger of loss or destruction is past, and when it is feasible to do so, the household or personal effects and privately owned vehicles (POVs) of the employees may be returned to the post from which they were shipped.
- d. This authority to ship, store, and return household or personal effects and privately owned vehicles (POVs) expires with the effective date of the termination of the evacuation or not later than 180 days from the original date of the authorized evacuation. At the end of this period, if it is not feasible to return effects to the post from which they were evacuated, they will be placed into continuous storage until issuance of the employee's next travel authorization, which includes the authority to transport effects. Shipment will be considered an advance shipment in connection with the employee's travel upon completion of assignment to that post.

#### 6 FAM 178.3 Other Emergency Storage

(TL:GS-59; 10-01-1999) (Uniform State/USAID/Commerce/Agriculture)

- a. When the Under Secretary for Management (M) specifically authorizes, an employee may store furniture, household/personal effects, and a privately owned motor vehicle (POV) for the duration of the emergency and for an additional period not to exceed 90 days.
- b. Emergency conditions warranting authorization of storage include, but are not limited to the following:
  - (1) Nonavailability of usual transportation facilities;
- (2) General civil disturbance or imminent threat thereof, including but not restricted to war, civil war, uprisings, riots, strikes, blockades, or martial law;
- (3) Acts of nature, including but not restricted to earthquakes, tidal waves, flood, fire, storm, or disease of pestilence resulting in quarantine or refusal of transportation or entry or exit of effects; and
- (4) Unusual import or export restrictions or obstructions, or other conditions recognized as emergencies and set forth on the document authorizing or approving storage payment.
- c. Emergency storage under this section may be done in conjunction with a permanent change of station, or in conjunction with a determination by the appropriate regional bureau director that such action is necessary.

#### **6 FAM 179 UNASSIGNED**

# 6 FAM 171 Exhibit 171 POST STORAGE FACILITY LOCATIONS

(TL:GS-86; 08-30-2002)

The Department of State has designated storage facility locations for effects for all posts worldwide. These storage facility locations are Antwerp, Belgium and Hagerstown, Maryland.

Region/ Post NORTH AMERICA	Storage Location	Region/ Post Honduras	Storage Location
Canada		Tegucigalpa	Hagerstown
Ottawa	Hagerstown	Jamaica	
Calgary	Hagerstown	Kingston	Hagerstown
Halifax	Hagerstown	Martinique (Fr. Carib	. ,
Montreal	Hagerstown	Fort-de-France	Hagerstown
Quebec	Hagerstown	Mexico	
Toronto	Hagerstown	Mexico City	Hagerstown
Vancouver	Hagerstown	Ciudad Juarez	Hagerstown
CENTRAL AMERICA	AND WEST	Guadalajara	Hagerstown
INDIES		Hermosillo	Hagerstown
Antigua and Barbud		Matamoros	Hagerstown
St. John's	Hagerstown	Mazatlan	Hagerstown
Bahamas		Merida	Hagerstown
Nassau	Hagerstown	Monterrey	Hagerstown
Barbados		Nuevo Laredo	Hagerstown
Bridgetown	Hagerstown	Tijuana	Hagerstown
Belize		Nicaragua	
Belize City	Hagerstown	Managua	Hagerstown
Bermuda		Netherlands Antilles	
Hamilton	Hagerstown	(Curacao)	Hagerstown
Costa Rica		Panama	
San Jose	Hagerstown	Panama City	Hagerstown
Cuba		Trinidad and Tobag	
Havana	Hagerstown	Port-of-Spain	Hagerstown
Dominican Republic		SOUTH AMERICA	
Santo Domingo	Hagerstown	Argentina	
El Salvador		Buenos Aires	Hagerstown
San Salvador	Hagerstown	Bolivia	
Grenada		La Paz	Hagerstown
St. George's	Hagerstown	Brazil	
Guatemala		Brasilia	Hagerstown
Guatemala City	Hagerstown	Porto Alegre	Hagerstown
Haiti		Recife	Hagerstown
Port-au-Prince	Hagerstown	Rio de Janeiro Sao Paulo	Hagerstown Hagerstown

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Chile		Estonia	
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Bogota	Hagerstown	Helsinki	Antwerp
Barranquilla	Hagerstown	France	
Ecuador		Paris	Antwerp
Quito	Hagerstown	Bordeaux	Antwerp
Guayaquil	Hagerstown	Lyon	Antwerp
Guyana		Marseilles	Antwerp
Georgetown	Hagerstown	Strasbourg	Antwerp
Paraguay		Georgia	
Asuncion	Hagerstown	Tbilisi	Antwerp
Peru		Germany	
Lima	Hagerstown	Bonn	Antwerp
Surinam		Berlin	Antwerp
Paramaribo	Hagerstown	Frankfurt am Main	Antwerp
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Caracas	Hagerstown	Stuttgart	Antwerp
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Oslo	Antwerp	Yugoslavia	
Poland		Belgrade	Antwerp
Warsaw	Antwerp	AFRICA	
Krakow	Antwerp	Benin	
Poznan	Antwerp	Cotonou	Antwerp
Portugal		Botswana	
Lisbon	Antwerp	Gaborone	Antwerp
Oporto	Antwerp	Burkina-Faso	
Ponta Delgada	Antwerp	Ouagadougou	Antwerp
Romania		Burundi	
Bucharest	Antwerp	Bujumbura	Antwerp
Russia		Cameroon	
Moscow	Antwerp	Yaounde	Antwerp
St. Petersburg	Antwerp	Douala	Antwerp
Vladivostok	Hagerstown	Cape Verde	
Yekaterinburg	Antwerp	Praia	Antwerp
Slovenia		Central African Republic	
Ljubljana	Antwerp	Bangui	Antwerp
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Jonanadion			
Gambia, The		Cape Town	Antwerp
Banjul	Antwerp	Durban	Antwerp
Ghana		Johannesburg	Antwerp
Accra	Antwerp	Sudan	
Guinea		Khartoum	Antwerp
Conakry	Antwerp	Swaziland	
Guinea-Bissau		Mbabane	Antwerp
Bissau	Antwerp	Tanzania	
Kenya		Dar es Salaam	Antwerp
Nairobi	Antwerp	Togo	
Mombasa	Antwerp	Lome	Antwerp
Lesotho		Uganda	
Maseru	Antwerp	Kampala	Antwerp
Liberia		Zaire	
Monrovia	Antwerp	Kinshasa	Antwerp
Madagascar		Lubumbashi	Antwerp
Antananarivo	Antwerp	Zambia	
Malawi		Lusaka	Antwerp
Lilongwe	Antwerp	Zimbabwe	
Mali		Harare	Antwerp
Bamako	Antwerp	NEAR EAST AND	SOUTH
Mauritania		ASIA	
Nouakchott	Antwerp	Afghanistan	
Mauritius		Kabul	Antwerp
Port Louis	Antwerp	Algeria	
Mozambique		Algiers	Antwerp
Maputo	Antwerp	Oran	Antwerp
Namibia		Bahrain	
Windhoek	Antwerp	Manama	Antwerp
Niger		Bangladesh	
Niamey	Antwerp	Dhaka	Antwerp
Nigeria		Egypt	
Lagos	Antwerp	Cairo	Antwerp
Kaduna	Antwerp	Alexandria	Antwerp
Rwanda		India	
Kigali	Antwerp	New Delhi	Antwerp
Senegal		Bombay	Antwerp
Dakar	Antwerp	Calcutta	Antwerp
Seychelles		Madras	Antwerp
Victoria	Antwerp	Iraq	
Sierra Leone		Baghdad	Antwerp
Freetown	Antwerp	Israel	
Somalia		Tel Aviv	Antwerp
Mogadishu	Antwerp	Jerusalem	
South Africa, Rep		Jerusalem	Antwerp
Pretoria	Antwerp		

Jordan			
Amman	Antwerp	Burma	
Kuwait		Rangoon	Hagerstown
Kuwait	Antwerp	Cambodia	
Lebanon		Phnom Penh	Hagerstown
Beirut	Antwerp	China, People's Re	)-
Morocco		public of	
Rabat	Antwerp	Beijing	Hagerstown
Casablanca	Antwerp	Chengdu	Hagerstown
Nepal		Guangzhou	Hagerstown
Kathmandu	Antwerp	Shanghai	Hagerstown
Oman		Shenyang	Hagerstown
Muscat	Antwerp	Fiji	
Pakistan		Suva	Hagerstown
Islamabad	Antwerp	Hong Kong	
Karachi	Antwerp	Hong Kong	Hagerstown
Lahore	Antwerp	Indonesia	_
Peshawar	Antwerp	Jakarta	Hagerstown
Qatar	•	Medan	Hagerstown
Doha	Antwerp	Surabaya Hagerstov	
Saudi Arabia	•	Japan	
Riyadh	Antwerp	Tokyo	Hagerstown
Dhahran	Antwerp	Fukuoka	Hagerstown
Jeddah	Antwerp	Naha	Hagerstown
Sri Lanka (Ceylon)	•	Osaka-Kobe	Hagerstown
Colombo	Antwerp	Sapporo	Hagerstown
Syria	•	Korea	J
Damascus	Antwerp	Seoul	Hagerstown
Tunisia	•	Pusan	Hagerstown
Tunis	Antwerp	Laos	
<b>United Arab Emirate</b>	s	Vientiane	Hagerstown
Abu Dhabi	Antwerp	Malaysia	
Dubai	Antwerp	Kuala Lumpur	Hagerstown
Yemen Arab Republ	ic	Marshall Islands	
Sanaa	Antwerp	Majuro	Hagerstown
EAST ASIA AND PA	CIFIC	Micronesia	
Australia		Kolonia	Hagerstown
Canberra	Hagerstown	Mongolia, People'	S
Brisbane	Hagerstown	Republic of	
Melbourne	Hagerstown	Ulaanbaatar	Hagerstown
Perth	Hagerstown	New Zealand	
Sydney	Hagerstown	Wellington	Hagerstown
Brunei	-	Auckland	Hagerstown
Bandar Seri		Papua New Guinea	_
Begawan	Hagerstown	Port Moresby	Hagerstown
<u>-</u>	-	•	-

Philippines		Thailand	
Manila	Hagerstown	Bangkok	Hagerstown
Cebu	Hagerstown	Chiang Mai	Hagerstown
Singapore		Songkhla	Hagerstown
Singapore	Hagerstown	Udorn	Hagerstown
Solomon Islands	_	Western Samoa	_
Honiara	Hagerstown	Apia	Hagerstown

# 6 FAM 176 Exhibit 176.3 FORMAT FOR STORAGE-IN-TRANSIT AUTHORIZATION

(TL:GS-57; 01-27-1999)

In connection with th	e transportation of household a	an/or personal effects of:
moving under GBL n	umber	
between		
and		
storage-in-transit at		is hereby authorized for
a period beginning	and ending _	
	(Signature of Authorizing Office	cer)
	(Title)	
	(Post or Organization)	<u> </u>

**NOTE:** Posts type storage-in-transit authorizations as needed.